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Serial number and district.	Name of the Tuberculosis Sanatorium.	Number of beds avai	Whether Andhra or Non-Andhra.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5 Tiruchirappalli.	Rajaji Tuberculosis Sanatorium.	160	Non-Andhra (Private).
6 Tanjore ..	Gandhiji Memorial Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Sengipatti.	160	Do.
7 South Kanara.	Mt. Rosary Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Modabidri.	40	Do.
8 Bellary ..	Government Wellesley Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Bellary.	200	Andhra (Government).
9 Chittoor ..	Union Mission Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Arogyavaram, Madanapalle.	326	Andhra (Private).
10 East Godavari.	Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Visranthipuram, Rajahmundry.	170	Do.
11 Nellore	Welfare Fund Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Nellore.	44	Andhra (Government).

APPENDIX V.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 596 asked by Sri K. P. Gopalan at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 17th July 1953, page 442 supra.]

Letter from the Labour Officer, Kozhikode, addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Development Department, through the Commissioner of Labour, Madras, dated 2nd February 1953, Ref. No. 3994/52.

Subject.—Labour—Dispute between the workers and the management of K. V. Kannan, Cigar Factory, Cannanore, in respect of bonus and gratuity—Conciliation—Failure of—Report submitted. *Reference.*—Letter, dated 7th January 1953, from the Chirakkal Taluk Tobacco Workers' Union, to the Proprietor and copy to the Labour Officer, Kozhikode.

The dispute arose following the closure of the above factory on 1st January 1953.

Before the closure of the factory, I met the proprietor at Cannanore on 16th December 1952 and persuaded him to desist from doing so but all my efforts proved abortive.

After the closure of the factory, the Chirakkal Taluk Tobacco Workers' Union in their letter cited have put up the following seven demands to be conceded by the management:—

(1) The re-opening of the factory forthwith and wages for the workers for the locked-out days.

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(2) We have not been paid wages for holidays to which we are entitled under the Factories' Act.

(3) The workers have not been given bonus for the years 1949, 1950, 1951 and 1952. We demand bonus of 25 per cent of the yearly earnings as bonus.

(4) In your notice put up on the notice board on 1st December 1952, you have stated that the factory is being closed for trade reasons. This we dispute.

(5) Any how, in case you are in a position to prove that the closure is permanent and that you have definitely given up cigar manufacture or sale of the same, we demand all the workers should be adequately compensated.

(6) The workers should be given gratuity of one month's wages for every year of service put in by them.

(7) Lastly, arrears of wages due to the workers due from 27th to 31st December 1952 should also be paid.

The management was prepared to concede only demand Nos. 2 and 7 and the rest of the demands were rejected.

I, therefore, took up conciliation proceedings at Cannanore on 31st January 1953 but was not able to resolve the dispute.

The Union leaders contended with great force that the closure was unjust and unwarranted by citing facts and figures of the business. But when I explained the futility of their arguments in pressing for the re-opening of the factory in the light of the recent decision of the Madras High Court upholding the right of the employer (especially in a non-public utility service) to close his business under Article 19 (1) (*g*), the Union leaders pressed only for the demands of bonus and gratuity. The reason for not demanding bonus for the last four years, it is stated by the Union, is due to the fact that the question of bonus for 1947–48 was decided by the Appellate Tribunal only recently, i.e., in the month of June 1952.

The management regrets its inability to pay gratuity as there was no statute to pay the same. Regarding bonus, the management wants one month's time to produce the relevant records.

The two M.L.As., namely, Sri K. P. Gopalan and Sri K. T. Sreedharan, also tried their best to bring about an amicable settlement but to no purpose.